# **REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Registered Housing Association No Hal 127 Financial Conduct Authority No 1832R(S) Scottish Charity No SC031954

# Management Committee, Executives and Advisers For the year ended 31 March 2020

# **Registration Particulars:**

Financial Conduct Authority	Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 Registered Number 1832R(S)
Scottish Housing Regulator	Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 Registered Number 127
Charity Number	SC031954

# **Management Committee**

A Tallack	Chairperson
J Goddard	Vice Chairperson
K Eunson	Treasurer
J Anderson	Committee Member
L Anderson	Committee Member
P Coleman	Committee Member
K Eunson	Committee Member
R Hunter	Committee Member
L Irvine	Committee Member
L Lawson	Co-opted Committee Member
A Lyall	Co-opted Committee Member
N Manson	Co-opted Committee Member
G Mitchell	Committee Member
C Nicholson	Committee Member
T Smith	Committee Member

#### **Executive Officers**

B Leask		Chief Executive/Secretary
S Gray		Head of Finance and Corporate Services
P Leask		Head of Investment and Asset Management
l Bray	(Appointed 13.05.19)	Head of Housing and Customer Services

# **Registered Office**

2 Harbour Street Lerwick Shetland ZE1 0LR

# Auditor

RSM UK Audit LLP St Olaf's Hall Church Road Lerwick Shetland ZE1 0FD

# Management Committee, Executives and Advisers For the year ended 31 March 2020

# Bankers

Bank of Scotland 117 Commercial Street Lerwick Shetland ZE1 0DN

Royal Bank of Scotland 81 Commercial Street Lerwick Shetland ZE1 0AD

# Solicitors

Harper Macleod LLP The Ca'd'oro 45 Gordon Street Glasgow G1 3PE

# **Internal Auditor**

Quinn Internal Audit and Business Support Services 55 Lady Place Livingston EH54 6TB

#### Report of the Management Committee For the year ended 31 March 2020

The Management Committee presents their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

#### Mission, Vision & Values

#### Our Vision is to:

# Provide homes and services that enable our tenants to thrive in communities where people are proud to live and work.

Hjaltland will work with others, including the government, local authority, and communities throughout Shetland to ensure individuals and families succeed and reach their full potential.

# Our Mission

# To deliver high quality, affordable homes and services to communities throughout Shetland.

Our mission explains in more detail how we are going to try to achieve our vision. It sets out what we are going to do, for whom, and how we'll go about it. We have five key strategic objectives that underpin our mission and articulate exactly how we will achieve it.

- 1. To provide good quality, affordable homes that offer value for money.
- 2. To assist people in need through a range of services.
- 3. To provide opportunities for people to participate and influence decisions.
- 4. To achieve positive outcomes for our customers.
- 5. To maintain financial strength and grow the business sustainably.

# Our values

Our values are integral to our success. They help us by shaping our behaviour and are integrated into our appraisal and recruitment practices.

- **Teamwork** Working together as one team to the benefit of our customers. To demonstrate and extend trust in each other.
- **Open, Honest & Inclusive** We offer a people focused service that is centred in fairness and integrity. We believe in being open, honest and respectful in everything we do.
- **Ownership** We expect our staff to take responsibility for their actions and give them the freedom to do their job in a positive working environment.
- **Quality** We value quality in everything we do from the standard of our product to the level of service we provide. We take pride in making a difference in communities and providing continuous improvement.
- **Innovation** We seek new ways of working to ensure our services and assets are fit for the future.

# Legal Status

Hjaltland Housing Association Limited (Hjaltland) is registered with the Financial Conduct Authority as a Co-operative and Community Benefit Society, The Office of the Scottish Charities Regulator (OSCR) as a charity and the Scottish Housing Regulator as a Registered Social Landlord.

#### Report of the Management Committee For the year ended 31 March 2020

# Principal Activities

Hjaltland's objective is to provide good quality, affordable homes that offer value for money. We will look to increase access to housing across Shetland, within funding constraints.

The table below shows the property we own:-

	2	2020	2019
Managed Property Numbers			
Tenanted Property		744	720
Managed on behalf of others		2	2
Shared Ownership Properties		46	46
Total		792	768

#### Financial Review

Hjaltland made a surplus of £873,943 (2019 £922,817) during the year. Planned and cyclical maintenance costs of £536,007 were incurred in the year which includes significant costs associated with the installation of new smoke detectors required to comply with new legislation. Also included are costs for harling repairs, replacing bathrooms, carpark resurfacing, cyclical painting, electrical survey checks, boiler & ventilation maintenance, replacing faulty heat pumps etc. This compares with £363,672 for similar expenditure in the previous year. This expenditure is written off in the year it is incurred and not capitalised.

In addition to the expenditure which is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income £25,809 of costs spent on existing properties have been capitalised. Of the amount capitalised £18,236 (2019 -  $\pounds$ 274,380) related to the replacement of components and £7,573 (2019 -  $\pounds$ 32,013) related to improvements. The depreciation charge for the year is £1,122,414 compared to £1,092,839.

Hjaltland continues to have a substantial major repair investment programme including further replacement kitchens due over the next few years.

In the Statement of Financial Position the former deficit funding provision of £453,742 had been replaced with a provision for the net defined benefit liability representing the Association's share of the SHAPS assets and liabilities. The new liability at 1 April 2018 was £816,000 which increased to £850,000 at 31 March 2019. In the year to 31 March 2020, due to actuarial gains of £752,000, employer contributions of £117,000 and expenses of £23,000 this liability is now £nil. See note 23 for details.

Surplus for the year The financial results of Hjaltland are as follows: -

	2020	2019
	£000s	£000s
Unrestricted surplus for the year before pension remeasurement	874	994
Other comprehensive expense	752	(490)
Revenue Reserves	8,735	7,109

Having a strong financial position with Capital and Reserves of £8.7m allows Hjaltland to continue to deliver its planned programme.

# Report of the Management Committee For the year ended 31 March 2020 Operational Review

#### 1 Corporate Governance

Hjaltland has a Committee of Management who are elected by the members of the Association. (See below for details). It is the responsibility of the Committee to undertake the strategy, setting of policy and overall direction for the Association. They also monitor the operational activities of the Association. The members of the Committee of Management are unpaid.

The Executive Team of Hjaltland is responsible for achieving the strategy set, and undertaking the operational activities in line with the policies set.

The governing body is the Committee of Management, which is responsible to the wider membership. Committee Members serve in a voluntary capacity, and they recognise that this puts even more onus on them to ensure that they set and achieve high standards of professionalism in the Association's work. They take governance very seriously, and regularly review governance arrangements to ensure that the Committee and Association are fit for purpose. The internal auditors also review committee structure and governance as part of their remit.

#### 2 Corporate Issues

Hjaltland's customers deserve excellent service and support to help them protect their health and wellbeing. Our priorities are to deliver services that are responsive to customers' needs, whilst ensuring that they are treated with respect and encouraged to be independent. Practical steps that will be taken include meeting and aiming to exceed the expectations of the Scottish Social Housing Charter and the Care Inspectorate, maintaining the One Stop Shop service and continuing our pursuit of delivering excellent customer service.

Hjaltland shall seek to provide opportunities for people to participate and influence decisions. A tenant satisfaction survey is carried out on a regular basis with the purpose to find out from our customers what they want from us and use these comments to drive service improvement. The Tenant Focus Group will also be supported to provide scrutiny on the Association's activity.

Hjaltland is also committed to involving staff in decision making and policy making and is proud to have achieved the Investors in People Gold award and have held continuous Investors in People accreditation for over 20 years.

Due to the ongoing economic uncertainty as a result of the Covid 19 crisis and Brexit negotiations it is essential that the Association continues to review its stress testing techniques to ensure financial strength and viability. Hjaltland is in a strong financial position and is well placed to meet its lender covenants and withstand periods of adverse economic conditions.

Hjaltland must continue to ensure long-term economic strength through careful financial management and robust scenario planning.

#### 3 Development

Hjaltland remains committed to maintaining its track record of developing high quality affordable homes for those most in need. We continue to be very successful in securing grant funding for new projects and, with the benefit of improved benchmark funding levels, social rented housing remains the mainstay of the programme. Effective private finance is also an essential element of the development programme and we will secure the most cost effective short and long term funding to support it.

Building on our success of previous years, we remain determined in our efforts to continue developing affordable homes to help meet the increasing levels of need. The Association has set an ambitious strategic target of completing 170 new homes between April 2019 and 31st March 2024. Within 2019/20 the Association completed 24 new homes at Tingwall. The current programme can potentially provide 221 new homes, with 181 counting toward the target before March 2024.

#### Report of the Management Committee For the year ended 31 March 2020

The development spend for 2019/20 was  $\pounds$ 5,089k (2019 -  $\pounds$ 4,416k), of this spending  $\pounds$ 2,784k (2019 -  $\pounds$ 3,154k) was funded by grants received from the Scottish Government and  $\pounds$ 14k (2019 -  $\pounds$ 123k) was funded by grants received from other sources.

# 4 Housing Issues

The Association continues to work on minimising the period of time taken to re-let or let new properties to ensure that we maintain our effectiveness in housing people in need and reduce our costs. The rent loss due to empty properties increased to  $\pounds 11,758$  from  $\pounds 5,121$  in the previous year and the average length of time taken to re-let a property has increased to 11.26 days from 3.75 days in the previous year. This is linked to low demand properties in Unst and the North Mainland. Net rent arrears has reduced to 1.6%, (previous year 1.8%), however efforts continue to be made to bring the level down.

# 5 Property Maintenance

The performance of the Association's repair service remains very strong with all emergency repairs being completed in an average of 2.86 hours. On average the non-emergency repairs took 6.14 days to complete, well with the 10 day target.

# 6 Support Services

The sheltered service continues to be regulated under the Care Inspectorate as a housing support service. The Association also provides support services via the Financial Inclusion Officer which is included in our registration with the Care Inspectorate.

# 7 Finance and IT

During the year additional private finance arrangements were finalised with the Bank of Scotland to provide finance for new development projects. This includes new schemes which started on site during 2019/20 and due to start in 2020/21.

# 8. Policies and Procedures and Risk Management

# Risk Events and Risk Management Policy

The Association re-visits its Business Continuity Plan annually and makes amendments based on any lessons learned during the course of the year. The Business Continuity Plan was tested during a staff away day in February 2020 and was put into operation at the start of the Covid 19 lockdown. The Committee has continued to operate a formal risk management process to assess business risks and implement risk management strategies. This involves identifying the types of risks the Association faces, prioritising them in terms of potential impact and likelihood of occurrence, and identifying means of mitigating the risks. As part of this process the Committee have reviewed the adequacy of the Association's current internal controls and this continues to be kept under review.

Financial covenants are kept under close scrutiny with regular reporting on actual and forecast levels considered by the Committee.

#### Credit Payment Policy

Hjaltland's policy concerning the payment of its trade creditors complies with the Confederation of British Industry guidelines. The average payment period is within thirty days.

#### Rental Income

The Association's Rent Policy is a points formula system based on the size, type and facilities of the accommodation. The policy ensures that the rent structure is easy to administer and covers the wide variations within the Association's properties. The point's value is reviewed annually to ensure that the rents cover costs. This policy follows the generally accepted practice/principles of the Housing Movement and was reviewed in consultation with the tenants through 2014/15.

# Report of the Management Committee For the year ended 31 March 2020

#### Maintenance Policies

Hjaltland seeks to maintain its properties to the highest standard. To this end, programmes of cyclical repairs are carried out in the medium term to deal with the gradual and predictable deterioration of building components

In addition, Hjaltland has a long term programme of major repairs to cover work which has become necessary since the original development was completed, including works required for subsequent legislative changes. This includes replacement or repairs to features of the properties, which have come to the end of their economic lives.

#### **Budgetary Process**

Each year the Committee of Management approves the annual budget and rolling five-year strategic plan. Key risk areas are identified. Performance is monitored and relevant action taken throughout the year through quarterly reporting to the Committee of Management of variances from the budget, updated forecasts for the year together with information on the key risk areas. Approval procedures are in place in respect of major areas of risk such as major contract tenders, expenditure and treasury management.

#### Treasury Management

Hjaltland has an active treasury management function, which operates in accordance with the Treasury Policy approved by the Committee of Management. Hjaltland manages its borrowing arrangements to ensure that it is always in a position to meet its financial obligations as they fall due, whilst minimising excess cash and liquid resources held. At 31 March 2020 Hjaltland had £2.95m in loan facilities agreed, but not yet drawn down.

Hjaltland, as a matter of policy, does not enter into transactions of a speculative nature. At 31 March 2020, Hjaltland had a mix of fixed and variable rate finance, which it considers appropriate at this time. During the year the proportion of fixed rates to variable continued to be reviewed to take advantage of the low interest rates prevailing.

#### Quality and Integrity of Personnel

The integrity and competence of personnel are ensured through high recruitment standards and subsequent training courses. High quality personnel are seen as an essential part of the control environment and the ethical standards expected are communicated through the Chief Executive.

#### Equality & Diversity

There is an Equality & Diversity policy in place which is kept under review and has been amended to ensure compliance with legislative changes. All reasonable adjustments will be made to assist those with a disability through the application process and throughout the course of their employment.

# Report of the Management Committee For the year ended 31 March 2020

#### Committee and Officers' Insurance

Hjaltland has purchased and maintains insurance to cover its Committee and officers against liabilities in relation to their duties on behalf of Hjaltland, as authorised by the Association's rules.

#### The Committee of Management of Hjaltland during the year to 31 March 2020 was as follows:

A Tallack	Chairperson		1
J Goddard	Vice-Chair		1
Ke Eunson	Treasurer		1
J Anderson			1
L Anderson			1
P Coleman			
Ka Eunson			
R Hunter			1
L Irvine			
L Lawson	Co-opted	20/02/2020	
A Lyall	Co-opted	20/02/2020	
N Manson	Co-opted	20/02/2020	
G Mitchell			1
C Nicholson			
T Smith			
Subcommittee membership	1	Finance Committee	

Each member of the Committee of Management holds one fully paid share of £1 in Hjaltland. The executive officers of Hjaltland hold no interest in the share capital and although not having the legal status of "director" they act as executives within the authority delegated by the Committee.

#### Auditors

RSM UK Audit LLP have agreed to offer themselves for re-appointment as auditors of Hjaltland.

#### Statement of disclosure to auditor

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed, as far as they are aware, that there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor.

On behalf of the Committee of Management Mr B Leask Secretary 2 Harbour Street Lerwick, Shetland

20 August 2020

#### Statement of Management Committee's Responsibilities For the year ended 31 March 2020

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and registered social housing legislation require the Management Committee to ensure that financial statements are prepared for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the Association's state of affairs and of the surplus or deficit of the Association for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Management Committee is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures being disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is not appropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.

The Management Committee is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the Association. The Management Committee must ensure that the financial statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Registered Housing Associations Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019. It has general responsibility for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the Association and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Management Committee is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Association's website.

Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

#### Management Committee's Statement of Internal Financial Control For the year ended 31 March 2020

The Management Committee acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the business environment in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- the reliability of financial information used within the Association, or for publication;
- the maintenance of proper accounting records; and
- the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Management Committee's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material financial misstatement or loss or failure to meet objectives. Key elements of the Association's systems include ensuring that:

- formal policies and procedures are in place, including the ongoing documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authority which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised use of the Association's assets;
- experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for the important business functions and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
- forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the Management Team and Management Committee to monitor the key business risks, financial objectives and progress being made towards achieving the financial plans set for the year and for the medium term;
- quarterly management accounts are prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable and up-todate financial and other information, with significant variances from budget being investigated as appropriate;
- Regulatory returns are prepared, authorised and submitted promptly to the relevant regulatory bodies;
- all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures through the Management Committee;
- the Management Committee receives reports from management and from the external and internal auditors, to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed, and that a general review of the major risks facing the Association is undertaken; and
- formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct any weaknesses identified through internal and external audit reports.

The effectiveness of the Association's system of internal financial control has been reviewed by the Management Committee for the year ended 31 March 2020. No weaknesses were found in internal financial controls which resulted in material losses, contingencies, or uncertainties which require disclosure in these financial statements or in the auditor's report on the financial statements.

By Order of the Management Committee

A Tallack

Chairperson

20 August 2020

# Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Hjaltland Housing Association Limited For the year ended 31 March 2020

# Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hjaltland Housing Association Limited (the 'Association') for the year ended 31 March 2020 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cashflows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements February 2019.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Committee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Committee has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Association's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

# Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Committee is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Hjaltland Housing Association Limited For the year ended 31 March 2020

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or
- the Association has not kept proper accounting records; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account of the Association; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### **Responsibilities of the Committee**

As explained more fully in the Committee's responsibilities statement set out on page 9, the Committee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Committee determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Committee is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <u>https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</u>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Association's members as a body, in accordance with Part 7 of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RSM UK Audit LLP Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants St Olaf's Hall Church Road Lerwick Shetland ZE1 0FD

Date: 24 August 2020

#### Report by the Auditors to the members of Hjaltland Housing Association Limited on Corporate Governance Matters For the year ended 31 March 2020

In addition to our audit of the Financial Statements, we have reviewed your statement on page 10 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

# **Basis of Opinion**

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements to corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2006/5 issued by the Financial Reporting Council through enquiry of certain members of the Management Committee and Officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

# Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on page 10 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

RSM UK Audit LLP Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants St Olaf's Hall Church Road Lerwick Shetland ZE1 0FD

24 August 2020

# Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31 March 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover	2	5,698,553	4,491,561
Operating expenditure	2	(4,285,631)	(3,102,563)
Operating surplus	7	1,412,922	1,388,998
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	8	-	111,946
Interest receivable Interest and financing costs	6	8,321 (547,300)	6,537 (584,664)
Surplus before tax	-	873,943	922,817
Taxation		-	-
Surplus for the year	-	873,943	922,817
<b>Other comprehensive income</b> Initial recognition of multi-employer defined benefit scheme Actuarial gains/(losses) in respect of pension scheme	23 23	752,000	(362,258) (128,000)
Total comprehensive income	-	1,625,943	432,559

The results relate wholly to continuing activities.

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

#### Hjaltland Housing Association Limited Registered Housing Association No Hal 127 Financial Conduct Authority No 1832R(S) Scottish Charity No SC031954

#### Statement of Financial Position For the year ended 31 March 2020

1	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets		L	L
Housing properties	10.A	81,010,512	77,044,131
Other fixed assets	10.B	406,503	399,678
Current assets		81,417,015	77,443,809
Stock	11	1,550	1,210
Work in progress Trade and other debtors	11 13	- 485,966	697,099 206,846
Cash and cash equivalents	10	1,935,336	1,307,302
	-	2,422,852	2,212,457
Current liabilities			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(1,488,515)	(1,576,753)
Net Current assets	-	934,337	635,704
Total assets less current liabilities		82,351,352	78,079,513
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	15	(73,616,639)	(70,120,741)
Total net assets excluding pension liability	-	8,734,713	7,958,772
Provisions for liabilities			
Pension defined benefit net liability	23	-	(850,000)
Total net assets	-	8,734,713	7,108,772
Reserves	4.0		0.4
Share capital	18	82 8,734,438	84
Income and expenditure reserve Restricted reserve	19	6,734,436 193	7,108,688 -
Total reserves	_	8,734,713	7,108,772

The financial statements on pages 14 to 40 were approved by the Management Committee and Authorised for issue on 20 August 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Vice Chairperson: J Goddard

Secretary: B Leask

Chairperson: A Tallack

# Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31 March 2020

	Income and expenditure reserve	Restricted reserve	Share Capital	Total
	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2018	6,604,909	71,220	85	6,676,214
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	994,037	(71,220)	-	922,817
Other comprehensive expense	(490,258)	-	-	(490,258)
Shares issued	-	-	2	Ź
Shares cancelled	-	-	(3)	(3)
Balance at 31 March 2019	7,108,688	-	84	7,108,772
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	873,750	193	-	873,943
Other comprehensive income	752,000	-	-	752,000
Shares issued	-	-	-	-
Shared cancelled	-	-	(2)	(2)
Balance at 31 March 2020	8,734,438	193	82	8,734,713

# Statement of Cashflows For the year ended 31 March 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Net cash generated from operating activities	20	1,780,893	1,323,400
<b>Cash flow from investing activities</b> Purchase of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Grants received Grants repaid Interest received		(5,084,598) - 2,599,157 (4,282) 8,321	(4,376,600) 245,000 3,288,412 (107,149) 6,537
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,481,402)	(943,800)
<b>Cash flow from financing activities</b> Interest paid New secured loans Repayments of borrowings Issue of shares		(521,403) 2,450,000 (600,054) -	(556,522) 150,000 (570,405) 2
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities		1,328,543	(976,925)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		628,034	(597,325)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,307,302	1,904,627
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	20	1,935,336	1,307,302

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# LEGAL STATUS

The Association is registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and is registered with the Scottish Housing Regulator under the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010.

The address of the Company's registered office and principal place of business is 2 Harbour Street, Lerwick, Shetland, ZE1 0LR.

The Association's principal activities are shown in the Report of the Committee of Management.

Hjaltland Housing Association Limited is a Public Benefit Entity.

#### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP) including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), the Housing SORP 2018 "Statement of Recommended Practice for Registered Social Housing Providers" and they comply with the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019, and under the historical cost convention.

Hjaltland Housing Association Limited and its subsidiary (Hjaltland Trading Limited) comprise a group. The Association has obtained exemption from the Financial Conduct Authority (formerly the Financial Services Authority) from producing Consolidated Financial Statements. The financial statements reflect only the transactions of Hjaltland Housing Association Limited and not of the group.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND AREAS OF JUDGEMENT

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make critical judgements and estimates concerning the future. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, advice from qualified experts and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are included below.

#### Critical accounting estimates

Useful lives of property – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting date. Major components of housing properties are depreciated over specific economic lifespans. There have been no changes in the useful lives or economic lifespans of components in the year.

Components of housing properties – the cost of housing developments is allocated between major components using a model that provides a reasonable estimate of the actual cost of each component. Each component is then depreciated over its own specific economic lifespan as described above.

Obligations under a defined benefit pension scheme – Management's estimate of the defined benefit obligation is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the liability and the annual defined benefit expenses (as analysed in Note 23). The net defined benefit pension liability at 31 March 2020 was £nil.

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICES (CONTINUED)

# Critical areas of judgement

Categorisation of housing properties as investment property or property, plant and equipment – Properties held for social housing lets are considered to be property, plant and equipment. Other lets are assessed based on the characteristics of the lease and classified as property, plant and equipment or investment property as appropriate. At present management have classified all properties as property, plant and equipment.

#### GOING CONCERN

The Management Committee has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, based upon consideration of long term financial plans and the availability of loan finance at affordable rates of interest and repayment periods that are appropriate for Hjaltland's business. As such, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

# TURNOVER AND REVENUE RECOGNITION

Turnover comprises rental and service charge income receivable in the period, income from shared ownership first tranche sales, sale of properties built for sale, other services provided at the invoice value (excluding VAT) and revenue grants receivable in the period.

Rental income is recognised from the point when properties under development reach practical completion or otherwise become available for letting, net of any voids.

Income from first tranche sales and sales of properties built for sale is recognised at the point of legal completion of the transaction.

Revenue grants are receivable when the conditions for receipt of agreed grant funding have been met. Charges for support services funded under Supporting People are recognised as they fall due under the contractual arrangements with Administering Authorities.

#### GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government grants include grants receivable from the Scottish Government, local authorities and other government bodies. Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

Government grants received for housing properties are recognised in income over the useful economic life of the structure of the asset and, where applicable, the individual components of the structure (excluding land) under the accruals model.

On disposal of an asset for which government grant was received, if there is no obligation to repay the grant, then any unamortised grant remaining is derecognised as a liability and recognised as income. Where there is a requirement to repay a grant, a liability is included in the Statement of Financial Position to recognise this obligation.

#### OTHER GRANTS

Grants received from non-government sources are recognised using the performance model. Grants are recognised as income when the associated performance conditions are met.

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# OTHER INCOME

#### Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time-apportioned basis, by reference to the principal outstanding at the effective interest rate.

# TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS – HOUSING PROPERTIES

Housing properties are properties for the provision of social housing or to otherwise provide social benefit and are principally properties available for rent and shared ownership.

Completed housing and shared ownership properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost includes the cost of acquiring land and buildings, and expenditure incurred during the development period. Retentions are excluded from the cost and are only recognised when they fall due for payment. These retentions are included in capital commitments.

Works to existing properties which replace a component that has been treated separately for depreciation purposes, along with those works that enhance the economic benefits of the assets, are capitalised as improvements. Such enhancements can occur if improvements result in either:

- An increase in rental income;
- A material reduction in future maintenance costs; or
- A significant extension to the life of the property.

Shared ownership properties are split proportionally between fixed assets and current assets based on the element relating to expected first tranche sales. The first tranche proportion is classed as a current asset and related sales proceeds are included in turnover.

The remaining element is classed as a fixed asset and included in housing properties at cost, less any provisions needed for depreciation or impairment. Where the first tranche has been sold prior to the acquisition of the properties, these are included in fixed assets only.

#### DONATED LAND AND OTHER ASSETS

Land or other assets which have been donated by a government source is added to the cost of assets at the fair value of the land at the time of the donation. The difference between the fair value of the asset donated and the consideration paid is treated as a non-monetary government grant and included within the Statement of Financial Position as a liability. The terms of the donation are considered to be performance related conditions. Where the donation is not from a public source, the value of the donations less the consideration is included in income.

#### DEPRECIATION OF HOUSING PROPERTIES

Freehold land or assets under construction are not depreciated.

The Association separately identifies the major components of its housing properties and charges depreciation so as to write-down the cost of each component to its estimated residual value, on a straight-line basis over the following years:

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Structure	100 years
Land	Nil
Assets under construction	Nil
Windows	30 years
External doors	30 years
Kitchens	15 years
Roof	45 years
Heating systems	20 years

A full year's depreciation is charged on these assets in the year of purchase/ completion, but no charge is made in the year of disposal

# IMPAIRMENT OF FIXED ASSETS

An assessment is made at each reporting date of whether there are indications that a fixed asset (including housing properties) may be impaired or that an impairment loss previously recognised has fully or partially reversed. If such indications exist, the RSL estimates the recoverable amount of the asset.

Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use of the asset based on its service potential, are recognised as impairment losses in the income and expenditure account.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Reversals of impairment losses are recognised in income and expenditure. On reversal of an impairment loss, the depreciation or amortisation is adjusted to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount (less any residual value) over its remaining useful life.

#### OTHER TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset to its estimated residual value on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Premises	60 years
Furniture and equipment	Between 3 and 25 years

Residual value is calculated on prices prevailing at the reporting date, after estimated costs of disposal, for the asset as if it were at the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

A full year's depreciation is charged on these assets in the year of purchase, but no charge is made in the year of disposal.

#### BORROWING COSTS

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying properties are added to the cost of those properties until such a time as the properties are ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are expensed as incurred.

#### STOCKS

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Materials for repairs with a cost of below £300 are expensed as incurred.

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# TAXATION

Hjaltland Housing Association Limited has charitable status and is registered with the Office of Scottish Charities Regulator and is therefore exempt from paying Corporation Tax on charitable activities.

# VAT

The Association is VAT registered, however a large proportion of income, namely rents, is exempt for VAT purposes therefore giving rise to a Partial Exemption calculation. Expenditure is shown inclusive of VAT.

# DEPOSITS AND LIQUID RESOURCES

Cash comprises cash in hand and deposits repayable on demand less overdrafts repayable on demand. Liquid resources are current asset investments that are disposable without curtailing or disrupting the business and are readily convertible into known amounts of cash at or close to their carrying value.

#### LEASES

#### The Association as lessee - Operating leases

Operating leases are charged to income and expenditure on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Rent free periods or other incentives received for entering into an operating lease are accounted for as a reduction to the expense and are recognised, on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

Employees are entitled to carry forward up to 5 days of any unused holiday entitlement at the reporting date. The cost of any unused entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

The best estimate of the expenditure required to settle an obligation for termination benefits is recognised immediately as an expense when the RSL is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### RETIREMENT BENEFITS

#### Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution schemes the amount charged to income and expenditure is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments.

#### Defined benefit plans

In previous years, the Association was unable to recognise its share of the scheme assets and scheme liabilities, therefore had applied defined contribution accounting in respect of the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme.

For the year ended 31 March 2018, the Association had recognised a past service deficit liability of £453,742, within provisions based on the present value of the Association's deficit funding agreement.

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

From 1 April 2019, the Association is able to identify its share of the scheme assets and scheme liabilities and therefore has applied defined benefit accounting from this date onwards. For accounting purposes, the relevant date for accounting for this change from defined contribution to defined benefit accounting is 1 April 2019. The scheme assets are measured at fair value. Scheme liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and are discounted at appropriate high quality corporate bond rates.

The deficit funding agreement liability that was previously recognised within provisions of £453,742 was derecognised on the 1 April 2019, and an initial net defined benefit pension liability of £816,000 was recognised at this date in the statement of financial position. The resulting net difference of £362,258 on initial recognition of the SHAPS obligation was recognised in other comprehensive income.

As at the year ended 31 March 2020, the net defined benefit pension deficit liability was £nil which has been included within the provisions for pensions liability in the financial statements.

In the year ended 31 March 2020, the current service cost and costs from settlements and curtailments are charged against operating surplus. Past service costs are recognised in the current reporting period within the income and expenditure account. Interest is calculated on the net defined benefit liability. Remeasurements are reported in other comprehensive income. Refer to Note 23 for more details.

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Association has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102, in full, to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Association becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are offset only when the Association currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Financial assets

#### Debtors

Debtors which are receivable within one year and which do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price. Trade debtors are subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled and any impairment losses.

A provision for impairment of debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the amounts due will not be collected according to the original terms of the contract. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss for the excess of the carrying value of the trade debtor over the present value of the future cash flows discounted using the original effective interest rate. Subsequent reversals of an impairment loss that objectively relate to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, are recognised immediately in income and expenditure.

# Financial liabilities

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors payable within one year that do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled.

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price, including transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and other similar charges.

#### Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to cash flows expire or are settled, or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party. A financial liability (or part thereof) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

# PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the RSL has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event which it is probable will result in the transfer of economic benefits and that obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

#### RESERVES

The Association establishes restricted funds for specific purposes where their use is subject to restrictions imposed by third parties.

2. PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS OR DEFICIT

				2020	2019
	Notes	Turnover £	Operating costs £	Operating surplus/(deficit) £	Operating Surplus/(deficit) £
Affordable letting activities Other activities	3 4	4,543,984 1,154,569	3,086,020 1,199,611	1,457,964 (45,042)	1,481,421 (92,423)
Total		5,698,553	4,285,631	1,412,922	1,388,998
Total for previous reporting period		4,491,561	3,102,563	1,388,998	-

# 3. PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS OR DEFICIT FROM AFFORDABLE LETTING ACTIVITES

	General Needs Social Housing £	Supported Social Housing Accommodation £	Shared Ownership Housing £	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
Rent receivable net of service charges	3,269,503	163,902	136,260	3,569,665	3,397,084
Service charges	58,226	5,877	4,640	68,743	65,665
Gross income from rents and service charges	3,327,729	169,779	140,900	3,638,408	3,462,749
Less voids	(11,607)	(151)	-	(11,758)	(5,121)
Net income from rents and service charges	3,316,122	169,628	140,900	3,626,650	3,457,628
Grants released from deferred income	858,337	37,290	21,707	917,334	879,779
Total turnover from affordable letting activities	4,174,459	206,918	162,607	4,543,984	4,337,407
Management and maintenance administration costs Service costs Planned and cyclical maintenance including major repairs costs Reactive maintenance costs	951,530 55,658 517,908 288,346	40,730 5,332 18,099 17,577	41,122 3,717 - -	1,033,382 64,707 536,007 305,923	1,018,702 73,615 363,672 284,667
Bad debts - rents and service charges Depreciation of affordable let properties	23,622 1,057,030	- 42,234	(35) 23,150	23,587 1,122,414	22,491 1,092,839
Operating Costs for affordable letting activities	2,894,094	123,972	67,954	3,086,020	2,855,986
Operating surplus for affordable letting activities	1,280,365	82,946	94,653	1,457,964	1,481,421
Operating surplus for affordable letting activities for previous reporting period	1,300,375	92,877	88,169	1,481,421	

# 4. PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS OR DEFICIT FROM OTHER ACTIVITIES

Operating

(deficit) or

surplus

	Grants Scottish Ministers	Other revenue grants	Other Income	Total Turnover	Other operating Costs	Operating (deficit) or surplus	for previous reporting period
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Wider role activities undertaken to support the community, other than the provision, construction, improvement and management of housing Factoring	-	-	- 9,215	- 9,215	(13,254) (8,283)	(13,254) 932	(12,125) (6,355)
Development and construction of property activity	-	_	5,210	5,215	(0,200)		(0,000)
Support activities	-	-	-	-	(13,050)	(13,050)	(13,179)
Development for sale to non-registered landlords (shared equity)	364,605	-	606,066	970,671	(1,005,129)	(34,458)	
Other activities:							
Miscellaneous	-	-	14,908	14,909	(314)	14,595	13,592
Recharges	-	-	134,133	134,133	(134,133)	-	-
Big Lottery Funding (restricted)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(69,495)
Cycling Scotland Funding (restricted)	-	25,641	-	25,641	(25,448)	193	-
Shetland Islands Council HUB funding	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,861)
Total from other activities	364,605	25,641	764,322	1,154,569	(1,199,611)	(45,042)	(92,423)
Total from other activities for the previous reporting period		1,566	152,588	154,154	(246,577)	(92,423)	

#### 5. ACCOMMODATION IN MANAGEMENT

	2020 Units	2019 Units
General needs housing Shared ownership	715 46	691 46
Supported housing	31	31
TOTAL UNITS IN MANAGEMENT	792	768

# 6. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2020 £	2019 £
Interest arising on:		
Bank loans and overdrafts	495,455	535,004
Other loans	-	-
Deferred interest on other loans	50,480	48,750
Defined benefit pension charge	19,000	19,000
	564,935	602,754
Less: Interest capitalised on housing properties under construction	(17,635)	(18,090)
	547,300	584,664

Loans are assigned to schemes under development and the interest is capitalised as it accrues during the period of construction at the rate in force for that borrowing.

# 7. OPERATING SURPLUS

	2020	2019
	£	£
Operating surplus is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of housing properties (note 10.A)	1,122,414	1,092,839
Depreciation of other tangible fixed assets (note 10.B)	29,118	28,484
Operating lease rentals (note 22)	2,038	2,004

Fees payable to RSM UK Audit LLP and its associates in respect of both audit and non-audit services excluding VAT are as follows:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Audit services - statutory audit of the Association	11,800	11,350
-	11,800	11,350

#### 8. SURPLUS OR DEFICIT ON SALE OF FIXED ASSETS – HOUSING PROPERTIES

	2020	2019
	£	£
Disposal proceeds	-	245,000
Carrying value of fixed assets		(109,353)
		135,647
Capital grant repaid	-	(22,493)
Capital grant abated	-	2,355
		115,509
Legal and other costs	-	(3,563)
	_	111,946

9.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2020

EMPLOYEES	2020 No.	2019 No.
The average monthly number of full time equivalent persons (including key management personnel) employed by the		
Association during the year was:	24	24
	c	c
Staff costs for the above persons:	£	L
Wages and salaries	910,151	895,420
Social security costs	91,501	88,837
Other pension costs (defined contribution)	89,730	88,402
	1,091,382	1,072,659

Key management personnel are defined as the members of the management committee, the Chief Executive and any other person reporting directly to the management committee.

The number of key management personnel who received emoluments (excluding employers' pension contributions) in excess of  $\pounds 60,000$  during the reporting period fell within the following bands:

	No.	No.
£60,000 - £70,000	2	-
£70,000 - £80,000	1	1
	2020 £	2019 £
Aggregate emoluments for the above key management personnel (excluding pension contributions)	243,777	241,516
The emoluments of the Chief Executive (excluding pension contributions) Employer's pension contributions	72,203 7,162	70,580 7,234
Total emoluments payable	79,365	77,814
Aggregate pension contributions in relation to the above key management personnel	24,017	24,620

No payment or fees or other remuneration was made to the Board members during the year.

# 10.A TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS – HOUSING PROPERTIES

	Social housing properties held for letting	Housing properties for letting under construction	Completed Shared ownership housing properties	Total housing properties
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
1 April 2019	77,669,009	6,274,849	3,050,182	86,994,040
Additions	977,995	4,110,800	-	5,088,795
Transfers	3,071,381	(3,071,381)	-	-
Disposals	(9,930)	-	-	(9,930)
31 March 2020	81,708,455	7,314,268	3,050,182	92,072,905
Depreciation and impairment				
1 April 2019	9,584,494	-	365,415	9,949,909
Depreciation charged in year	1,099,263	-	23,151	1,122,414
Released on disposal	(9,930)	-	-	(9,930)
31 March 2020	10,673,827	-	388,566	11,062,393
Net book value				
31 March 2020	71,034,628	7,314,268	2,661,616	81,010,512
31 March 2019	68,084,515	6,274,849	2,684,767	77,044,131
	00,004,010	0,214,040	2,004,101	11,044,101

Land included under housing properties is all freehold.

# EXPENDITURE ON WORKS TO EXISTING PROPERTIES

	2020	2019	
	£	£	
Improvement work capitalised	7,573	32,013	
Replacement component spend capitalised	18,236	274,380	
Amounts charged to income and expenditure	536,007	363,672	
Total major repairs spend	561,816	670,065	

#### 10.B TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS – OTHER

	Office Accommodation £	Water Treatment Works £	Office Equipment £	Maintenance Equipment £	Total £
Cost		-			
1 April 2019	365,177	112,288	171,650	71,916	721,031
Additions	-	-	4,916	31,027	35,943
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
31 March 2020	365,177	112,288	176,566	102,943	756,974
<b>Depreciation and impairment</b> 1 April 2019 Depreciation charged in year Released on disposal 31 March 2020	74,410 6,090 - 80,500	33,438 1,428 - 34,866	149,997 8,952 - 158,949	63,508 12,648 - 76,156	321,353 29,118 - 350,471
Net book value					
31 March 2020	284,677	77,422	17,617	26,787	406,503
31 March 2019	290,767	78,850	21,653	8,408	399,678

STOCK	2020 £	2019 £
Raw materials	1,550	1,210
<u>Work in progress:</u> Cost of developing properties (New supply shared equity)	-	697,099

#### 12. SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKING

11.

The RSL's subsidiary undertaking is:

Name of undertaking		Nature of Business	
Hjaltland Trading Limited	Company limited by guarantee	Property Management Services	

Hjaltland Trading Limited returned a profit of £11,548 for the year ending 31 March 2020 (2019 - £9,510).

Hjaltland Trading Limited had net assets totalling £130,940 as at 31 March 2020 (2019 - £119,392).

During the year, the Association sold goods and services at cost to Hjaltland Trading Limited of £134,133 (2019 - £129,860). The amount due to the Association at year end was £40,234 (2019 - £33,580).

During the year, the Association bought goods and services at normal market rates from Hjaltland Trading Limited of £563 (2019 - £389). The amount due to the company at year end was £nil (2019 - £nil).

16.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2020

13.	DEBTORS		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
	Rent and service charges receivable	139,454	137,748
	Less: provision for bad and doubtful debts	(80,756)	(75,573 <u>)</u>
		58,698	62,175
	Other debtors	27,644	27,384
	Prepayments and accrued income	160,744	83,706
	Development funding receivable	198,646	-
	Amounts due from Group undertakings	40,234	33,581
		485,966	206,846

# 14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2020	2019
	£	£
Debt (note 17)	892,438	607,485
Rent and service charges received in advance	32,534	45,815
Trade creditors	249,569	446,557
Other creditors	36,339	34,663
Accruals and deferred income	277,635	77,628
Deferred grant on new supply shared equity properties	-	364,605
	1,488,515	1,576,753

# 15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

Debt (note 17)	<b>2020</b> £ 19,546,361	<b>2019</b> £ 17,930,931
Deferred capital grant (note 16)	54,070,278	52,189,810
	73,616,639	70,120,741
Included in creditors are:	2020 £	2019 £
Amounts repayable other than by instalments falling due after more than five years Amounts repayable by instalments falling due after more than five years	1,471,184 14,984,934	1,420,747 13,583,444
DEFERRED CAPITAL GRANT	2020	2019
As at 1 April Grant received in the year Capital grant amortisation Net book value of capital grants disposed As at 31 March	£ 52,189,810 2,797,803 (917,335) - 54,070,278	£ 49,879,968 3,277,225 (879,779) (87,604) 52,189,810

# 17. DEBT ANALYSIS – BORROWINGS

	2020 £	2019 £
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year:		
Bank loans	892,438	607,485
	892,438	607,485
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year:		
Bank loans	18,075,177	16,510,184
Other loans	1,471,184	1,420,747
	19,546,361	17,930,931
Total	20,438,799	18,538,416

Other loans include rolled up interest of £146,182 (2019 - £95,745)

Loans are secured by specific charges on the Association's properties and are repayable at rates of interest between 0.4% and 5.75%. (2019 - 1.05% and 5.75%) as follows:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Due within one year	892,438	607,485
Due between one and two years	614,938	607,485
Due between two and five years	2,475,305	2,319,255
Due more than five years	16,456,118	15,004,191
	20,438,799	18,538,416

The Nationwide Building Society holds a number of standard securities over various properties owned by the Association.

The Royal Bank of Scotland holds a number of standard securities over various properties owned by the Association.

The Bank of Scotland holds a number of standard securities over various properties owned by the Association.

The Bank of Scotland holds a letter of pledge by the Association for all sums and a negative pledge over 5 properties owned by the Association.

The Secretary of State for Defence holds a standard security and a claw back security over 10 properties owned by the Association.

#### 18. SHARE CAPITAL

	2020 Number	2019 Number
Number of members		
1 April 2019	84	85
Joined during the year	-	2
Left during year	(2)	(3)
31 March 2020	82	84

Each member owns one fully paid share of £1 which is non-refundable and carries no rights to dividend or distributions on a winding up. When a shareholder ceases to be a member, that person's share is cancelled and the amount paid becomes the property of the Association. Members are entitled to attend Annual General Meetings and can be elected to the Management Committee.

#### 19. RESERVES

Reserves of the Association represent the following:

#### **Restricted reserves**

Restricted funds are funds which are to be used in accordance with specific restrictions imposed by funders or which have been raised by the charity for particular purposes. The costs of raising and administering such funds are charged against the specific fund.

The restricted reserve was held for the restricted income received from the Big Lottery Fund.

The Hub project was funded by the Big Lottery Fund and provides intensive support, accommodation and outreach to young care leavers to help them develop their skills to manage their own tenancy and support them to obtain employment, training or voluntary work. As well as Big Lottery funding, the Shetland Islands Council financially support this project. Information on the level of funding is contained in note 4. The Hub project was completed in the year ended 31 March 2019.

The restricted reserve is now held for restricted income received from Cycling Scotland.

This grant was provided to fund facilities that will encourage residents to walk and cycle. This funding has been largely spent in the year with a balance of £193 to be spent in the coming year

20. RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TO NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

££Surplus for the year873,943922,817Adjustments for non-cash items:1,150,8981,121,323Depreciation of tangible fixed assets1,150,8981,121,323Amortisation of capital grants(917,335)(879,779)
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets 1,150,898 1,121,323
Amortisation of capital grants (917 335) (879 770)
(Decrease) in pension provision/ liability (117,000) (113,000)
Gain on disposal of tangible fixed assets - (116,101)
Interest receivable (investing not operating) (8,321) (6,537)
Interest payable (financing not operating) 547,300 584,664
Shares cancelled (2) (3)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital1,529,4831,513,384
Decrease/(Increase) in stock 696,759 (568,407)
(Increase)/ Decrease in trade and other debtors (80,474) 8,339
(Decrease)/ Increase in trade and other creditors (364,875) 370,084
Cash generated from operations1,780,8931,323,400
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
2020 2019
£ £
Cash and cash equivalents represent: -
Cash at bank 1,123,947 502,791
Short-term deposits 811,389 804,511
1,935,336 1,307,302

	1 April 2019	Cash flows	Non cash movements	31 March 2020
	£	£	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	1,307,302	628,034	-	1,935,336
Bank borrowings due within one year	(607,485)	600,054	(885,007)	(892,438)
Bank borrowings due after than one year	(16,510,184)	(2,450,000)	885,007	(18,075,177)
Other borrowings due after than one year	(1,420,747)	-	(50,437)	(1,471,184)
Borrowings more due after one year	(17,930,931)	(2,450,000)	834,570	(19,546,361)
Net debt	(17,231,114)	(1,221,912)	(50,437)	(18,503,463)

#### 21. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS AND OTHER CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

	2020 £	2019 £
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the financial statements	2,047,405	3,997,330
The above commitments will be funded through:		
Capital grant receivable Other grants Shared ownership sales	1,147,510 - -	1,547,272 - 635,600
Loans	899,895 2,047,405	1,814,458 3,997,330

#### 22. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2020	2019
Amounts due:	£	£
Within one year	2,038	2,038
Between one and five years	3,291	5,591
After five years		-

# 23. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

**SCHEME: The Pensions Trust – Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme** The company participates in the Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (the Scheme), a multi-employer scheme which provides benefits to some 150 non-associated employers. The Scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK.

The Scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK.

The last triennial valuation of the scheme for funding purposes was carried out as at 30 September 2018. This valuation revealed a deficit of £121m. A Recovery Plan has been put in place to eliminate the deficit which will run to either 30 September 2022 or 31 March 2023 (depending on funding levels) for the majority of employers, although certain employers have different arrangements.

The Scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore the company is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the Scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the Scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the Scheme.

For financial years ending on or before 28 February 2019, it was not possible for the company to obtain sufficient information to enable it to account for the Scheme as a defined benefit scheme, therefore the company has accounted for the Scheme as a defined contribution scheme.

For financial years ending on or after 31 March 2019, it is possible to obtain sufficient information to enable the company to account for the Scheme as a defined benefit scheme.

# 23. RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

For accounting purposes, a valuation of the scheme was carried out with an effective date of 30 September 2018. The liability figures from this valuation were rolled forward for accounting year-ends from 31 March 2019 to 29 February 2020 inclusive. The liabilities are compared, at the relevant accounting date, with the company's fair share of the Scheme's total assets to calculate the company's net deficit or surplus. Similarly, an actuarial valuation of the scheme was carried out as at 30 September 2019 to inform the liabilities for accounting year ends from 31 March 2020 to 28 February 2021 inclusive.

# PRESENT VALUES OF DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION, FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND DEFINED BENEFIT ASSET (LIABILITY)

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Fair value of plan assets	4,268	3,811
Present value of defined benefit obligation	4,236	4,661
Surplus/(Deficit) in plan	32	(850)
Unrecognised surplus	32	-
Defined benefit liability to be recognised	-	(850)
Deferred tax	-	-
Net defined benefit (liability) to be recognised	-	(850)

# RECONCILIATION OF THE IMPACT OF THE ASSET CEILING

	Period
	ended
	31 March 2020
	(£000s)
Impact of asset ceiling at start of period	-
Effect of the asset ceiling included in net interest cost	-
Actuarial losses (gains) on asset ceiling	32
Impact of asset ceiling at end of period	32

# RECONCILIATION OF OPENING AND CLOSING BALANCES OF THE DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION

	Period ended
	31 March 2020
	(£000s)
Defined benefit obligation at 1 April	4,661
Current service cost	-
Expenses	4
Interest cost	109
Contributions by scheme participants	-
Actuarial losses/(gains)	(462)
Plan introductions, changes, curtailments and settlements	-
Benefits paid	(76)
Defined benefit obligation at 31 March	4,236

# 23. RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

# RECONCILIATION OF OPENING AND CLOSING BALANCES OF THE FAIR VALUE OF PLANS ASSETS

	Period ended
	31 March 2020
	(£000s)
Fair value of plan assets at start of period	3,811
Interest income	90
Experience on plan assets (excluding net interest on the defined benefit liability)	322
Contributions by employer (deficit contribution)	121
Benefits paid	(76)
Plan assets at 31 March	4,268

The actual return on plan assets was £412,000 (2019: £162,000 )

# DEFINED BENEFIT COSTS RECOGNISED IN STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (SOCI)

	Period ended 31 March 2020 (£000s)
Current service cost	-
Expenses	4
Net interest expense	19
	23

# DEFINED BENEFIT COSTS RECOGNISED IN OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Period ended 31 March 2020 (£000s)
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) – gain/(losses)	322
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities – gain/(loss)	(80)
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation – gain/(loss)	27
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation – gain/(loss)	515
Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable) – gain/(loss)	784
Effects of changes in the amount of surplus that is not recoverable (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) – gain/(loss)	(32)
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income – gain/(loss)	752

# 23. RETIREMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

ASSETS

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Global Equity	587	613
Absolute Return	262	323
Distressed Opportunities	78	65
Credit Relative Value	103	66
Alternative Risk Premia	342	213
Fund of Hedge Funds	-	11
Emerging Markets Debt	152	122
Risk Sharing	135	110
Insurance-Linked Securities	114	99
Property	79	76
Infrastructure	252	160
Private Debt	85	49
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	104	-
Corporate Bond Fund	312	267
Liquid Credit	112	-
Long Lease Property	104	46
Secured Income	237	133
Over 15 Year Gilts	54	98
Index Linked All Stock Gilts	-	-
Liability Driven Investment	1,124	1,356
Net Current Assets	32	4
Total Assets	4,268	3,811

#### **KEY ASSUMPTIONS**

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	% per annum	% per annum
Discount rate	2.36	2.35
Inflation (RPI)	2.58	3.25
Inflation (CPI)	1.58	2.25
Salary Growth	2.58	3.25
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	75% of maximum allowance	75% of maximum allowance

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2020 imply the following life expectancies:

Life expectancy at
age 65 (years)

	•	()
Male retiring in 2020		21.5
Female retiring in 2020		23.2
Male retiring in 2040		22.8
Female retiring in 2040		24.5

#### 24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

One member of the Management Committee is a shared equity owner. Their service charges, of  $\pounds$ 366 (2019 -  $\pounds$ 320) during the year, are on standard terms, as applicable to all shared equity owners. The balance outstanding at the year-end was  $\pounds$ Nil.

One member of the Management Committee is a tenant of the Association. Their tenancy is on normal commercial terms. During the year £4,829 (2019 - £4,687) of rent was receivable from this tenant member. At the year-end there was £nil of rent arrears due.

One member of the Management Committee is also a councillor with the Shetland Islands Council. Any transactions with the Shetland Islands Council are made at arm's length and committee members cannot use their position to their advantage. The Association drew down £569,000 of bridging finance relating to the New Supply of Shared Equity houses in the year. This was fully repaid by the year end. This bridging finance was interest free.

# 25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Housing Association Grant received to fund developments may have to be repaid where the property has been disposed of.

Other grants may have to be repaid if conditions are breached or if too large a surplus is made on the particular activity.